Factors in Raising The Culture of Reading Among The Youth of Uzbekistan

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Abstract In Uzbekistan, which has a place in the world intellectual system, the focus on raising the culture of youth reading and enriching it with modern spiritual and intellectual needs and socio-cultural factors is becoming more important than ever. During the period of independence, special attention was paid to the study of our national spiritual and intellectual heritage on the basis of new thinking and its use for the strategic development of society. In this article, the author analyzes the work being done to promote the culture of reading among the youth of Uzbekistan and the factors influencing it.

Key words: book, culture of reading, enlightenment, civil society, spiritual and intellectual needs

Introduction

As the foundations of a democratic state governed by the rule of law and civil society are strengthened around the world, there is a growing focus on the radical renewal of the system of spiritual, enlightenment and intellectual reforms. Therefore, in our country, which has a place in the world intellectual system, the focus on raising the culture of youth reading and enriching it with modern spiritual and intellectual needs and socio-cultural factors is becoming more important than ever. This is an important need and task that is inextricably linked with the definition of strategic directions of state development and the realization of the will, goals and aspirations of citizens, the dream of building a just, free, democratic society. This task is carried out on the basis of the nation’s many thousands of years of statehood history and socio-cultural traditions.

Theoretical basis

During the years of independence S. Shermuhammedov, O. Fayzullaev, M. Abdullaeva, U. Koraboev, A. Ochildiev, B. Karimov, B. Turaev, M. Jakbarov, N. Kamilov, K. Nazarov, S. Otamurodov, A. Kadirov, Our scientists I. Ergashev, N. Shermuhammedova, Sh. Madaeva have created a number of scientific monographs, articles and journalistic works aimed at in-depth study of the issues of improving the education and upbringing of young people and changing their attitude to books in a positive way in Uzbekistan.

Researches

The book illuminates the ways of human life. A man is a loyal friend, a guiding companion. In this regard, President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Sh. Mirziyoyev said: “Today, in our country, on the basis of the Action Strategy for the five priority areas of development of the Republic of Uzbekistan for 2017-2021, great changes are taking place in all areas and sectors. In this regard, the culture of reading is invaluable in deepening the values and traditions of society, in particular, in raising the spiritual and intellectual potential, consciousness and worldview of our people, especially the younger generation [1]. Particular attention is paid to From this point of view, it is important to study the process of improving the enlightenment and cultural development of the state and society on the basis of national and universal values, the
realization of the intellectual potential of our people and the spiritual and intellectual potential of the younger generation.

Discussion

In other words, the urgency of the problem is, first of all, the publication of high quality books that meet the spiritual, educational, artistic and aesthetic needs of our people, timely delivery to places, educational institutions, timely and reasonable prices, translation of the best national and world literature. the formation of reading skills in our children from childhood, including e-books, is related to the importance of learning from a socio-philosophical point of view to address important issues related to the development of a culture of reading in our society [2].

There is a growing need to harmonize the system of reforms with national values, to make reading an integral part of our daily lives, while coordinating the systematic and effective organization of propaganda work among young people to improve the culture of reading and reading. Secondly, in this process, strengthening the system of national cultural values, defining the spiritual and intellectual criteria for expressing the will, dreams and aspirations of the Uzbek people, deciding on ethical principles in the field of reading culture, identifying sociocultural areas that serve to strengthen the strategic development of society. reaches Third, each nation determines its own path of independent development on the basis of its own spiritual and intellectual culture. Therefore, the strengthening of information and library activities in various regions and territories of the country, the library funds of information and resource centers of educational institutions, "Spiritual rooms" of libraries, organizations and institutions with educational-methodical, technical literature, literary-artistic, educational and popular books. enrichment ensures that the strengthening of their material and technical base adheres to the universally recognized intellectual values. Raising such an intellectual culture in the nation creates a unique system of concepts of freedom, science, enlightenment, goodness, high morality. That is, the culture of reading is reflected in public policy as an important factor in the development of society. Fourth, in order to improve the reading culture of young people, the experience of publishing and distributing books throughout the country, improving the regulatory framework for further development of the publishing and printing industry, government support for the publication of socially important books, especially children's literature. it is coming, first of all, that any system will develop only when it serves the interests of man and his spiritual and intellectual perfection.

After all, it is a vital necessity that the foundations of public administration are expressed on the basis of spiritual and intellectual values. In particular, the growing need for the introduction of new methods and tools for the development of reading culture among young people, the development of theoretical and methodological aspects determines the urgency of the problem. Fifth, the fact that the processes related to the strengthening of the relevant legal and regulatory framework in society, the conduct of organizational and practical work in accordance with modern requirements, the involvement of the general public in this area have not been sufficiently studied from a socio-philosophical point of view. requires carrying. Sixth, the need to provide scientific and theoretical conclusions, suggestions and recommendations aimed at
ensuring the principles of improving the reading culture of young people in Uzbekistan and their implementation, the correct definition of goals and objectives in this regard is evidence of the relevance of the topic.

During the period of independence, special attention was paid to the study of our national spiritual and intellectual heritage on the basis of new thinking and its use for the strategic development of society. It is known that the theoretical foundations of national spiritual and intellectual values, views on the development of a democratic state governed by the rule of law and civil society have long been developed in the works of Eastern thinkers. They still serve as important scientific, theoretical and spiritual sources. In particular, in the philosophical views of Abu Nasr Farobi, Yusuf Khas Hajib, Nizamulmulk, Khoja Samandar Termizi, Amir Temur, Alisher Navoi, Zahiriddin Muhammad Babur and many other thinkers, special attention was paid to the issue of raising knowledge and enlightenment in society.

Also, with the spread of Islamic enlightenment in Movarounnahr, its religious, philosophical, legal foundations were created. Thus, in the IX-XX centuries in Movarounnahr science, culture, Islamic philosophy were highly developed. In particular, such great scholars as Imam al-Bukhari, Imam at-Termizi, Moturudi, Mahmud Zamakhshari, Jalaliddin Rumi have made a great contribution to the development of world intellectual culture with their scientific and artistic heritage. Their religious and philosophical views in the field of science, enlightenment, reading, humanity, justice, faith, honesty, religion, mutual compassion, conscience have played an important role in the development of socio-philosophical foundations of spiritual and intellectual relations between man, society and the state.

Ensuring the implementation of the Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan "On measures to radically increase the prestige and status of the Uzbek language as the state language" [3] PF-5850 dated October 21, 2019, as well as the centuries-old cultural, scientific and artistic thinking The Academy of Sciences of the Republic of Uzbekistan, the Writers' Union of Uzbekistan, the Republican Center for Spirituality and Enlightenment, the Academy of Sciences of the Republic of Uzbekistan of the Ministry of Higher and Secondary Special Education of the Republic of Uzbekistan In the structure of the Institute (hereinafter - the Institute) was established an additional Department of Sociolinguistics, financed from the State Budget of the Republic of Uzbekistan. To define additional tasks of institute in the field of sociolinguistics:

- implementation and expansion of fundamental, applied and innovative research related to the development of the Uzbek language;
- strengthening scientific research to radically increase the prestige and status of the Uzbek language as the state language;
- development of norms and rules of the written text of the Uzbek language;
- preparation of explanatory dictionaries of the Uzbek language, manuals and literature on office work in the state language;
- Active participation in the development of draft regulations on the development of the state language.

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spiritual and intellectual heritage on the basis of new thinking and its use for the strategic development of society. It is known that the theoretical foundations of national spiritual and intellectual values, views on the development of a democratic state governed by the rule of law and civil society have long been developed in the works of Eastern thinkers. They still serve as important scientific, theoretical and spiritual sources. In particular, in the philosophical views of Abu Nasr Farobi, Yusuf Khas Hajib, Nizamulmulk, Khoja Samandar Termizi, Amir Temur, Alisher Navoi, Zahiriddin Muhammad Babur and many other thinkers, special attention was paid to the issue of raising knowledge and enlightenment in society.

Scientific research aimed at studying the spiritual, moral and cultural foundations of the development of reading in society, various literatures have been studied by the ancient Greek thinkers Socrates, Aristotle, Plato and other scholars. However, it should be noted that the debates on reading have been studied from Aristotle to Kant from the point of view of morality, ethics, philosophy. By the nineteenth century, the spiritual and intellectual crisis in Europe, the chaos in the cultural life of society, necessitated the redevelopment of the existing spiritual and cultural intellectual system. As a result, the scientific basis of the category of reading culture is formed. Including N.Berdyaev, M.Veber, T.Gobbs, J.Russo, I.Kant, A.Shopenhauer, J.Sartr, P.Kropotkin, D.Locke, N.Makiavelli, F.Nitsshe, K.Popper, Scholars such as E. Fromm, O. Hefffe have made a great contribution to the development of theoretical principles of the problem of raising the culture of reading in society, especially among young people.

During the years of independence, the study of the history of national statehood of our country, the deepening of values and traditions in society, in particular, the development of spiritual and intellectual potential, consciousness and worldview of our people, especially the younger generation, has served as a theoretical application in heritage restoration. In particular, the priority idea of the works of President Sh.M.Mirziyev is characterized by the fact that it is aimed at developing the spiritual, moral and intellectual foundations of our national statehood. In other words, the head of our state emphasizes that the criterion for all reforms in the field of education is the culture of reading.

The book is a truly powerful force that has brought humanity from darkness to light. From ancient times, scientists have seen science and enlightenment as the key to happiness.

Conclusion

In short, in order to raise the culture of reading among the youth of Uzbekistan, it is necessary to instill in our youth a love of books, to encourage them to learn, so that they grow up to be true patriots with high intellectual potential, independent worldview, initiative, physical health and spiritual maturity. In the formation of the above positive qualities, it is important that they become acquainted with the book, not only about their professional activities, but also by reading books of different genres and expanding their knowledge and worldview.

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3. Ўзбекистон Республикаси
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