Factors of Forming a Sense of Patriotism among Students in the Views of Eastern Thinkers

Abduraxmanov Sherzod Nazarbayevich
Lecturer of Pedagogical Institute of Bukhara State University, Bukhara, Uzbekistan

Abstract: This article discusses the factors of formation of patriotism among students in the views of Eastern thinkers. The article discusses the importance of family and society in strengthening the sense of patriotism. Also, in the works of thinkers, opinions have been expressed about the conditions necessary for the young generation to grow up physically and spiritually.

Key words: young generation, Eastern thinkers, scientific heritage, spiritually mature, physically healthy, Renaissance, community members, family education, heritage.

Regarding the physical and spiritual maturity of the young generation in Uzbekistan, President Shavkat Mirziyoyev said that we need to find unique and effective methods of youth education that are compatible with today's times, the need to protect our dear children from destructive and harmful ideas, crime, drug addiction, indifference, spiritual poverty mood, in order to eliminate such negative situations, all of us, first of all, dear young people, should be active, he emphasizes that young people are definitely able to preserve the spiritual power and eternal traditions of our people and glorify them to the whole world [1].

The views of Eastern thinkers on education in the scientific heritage play an important role in educating young students in the spirit of patriotism, supporting them in every way, making them spiritually mature and physically healthy, as well as instilling in their minds and hearts the spirit of respect for our national traditions and values. Since the beginning of mankind, it has been the age-old dream of our people to educate a person to be perfect and mature in all respects, and our ancestors have been constantly searching for ways, laws, regulations, procedures, methods, and mechanisms of how to instill and teach enlightenment, spirituality and culture to the young generation, to lead them to perfection.

In this regard, it is necessary to emphasize the points of view of the Eastern thinkers who worked during the Renaissance, which are of educational importance. President Shavkat Mirziyoyev emphasizes the following points about the harmonious concepts of children's maturity, upbringing, physical development, love for national values and the Motherland: “The more perfect the education, the happier the people,” say the sage. In order for education to be perfect, it is absolutely impossible to allow a gap to appear in this matter. It is clear to all of you that today, on the world scale, the competition, contradictions and conflicts are getting more and more intense. Threats such as religious extremism, terrorism, drug addiction, human trafficking, illegal migration, and “mass culture” are increasing, undermining the beliefs and family values that have been practiced by mankind for centuries [2]. Indeed, in today's era of globalization, some issues require a new approach, deep thoughts and ideas. This requires thinking and acting accordingly. In a new observation, it is necessary to rely on the roots of our past scientific, educational and spiritual heritage.

At this point, we understand how meaningful thoughts of the thinker Abdulla Awlani, “Education is a matter of life - or death, or salvation - or destruction, or happiness - or disaster,”
are vital truths. The family, which is the center of education, is a sacred space that preserves the continuity of every people, nation, ensures the development of national values, gives birth to mentally and physically mature generation, and raises patriotic defenders of the country [3].

The valuable opinions, observations and teachings of Eastern thinkers Abu Nasr Farobi, Abu-Zamakhsharyi, Abu-basilik-Zariy, Mahmud-Kashgariy, Abu-Ali-ibn-Sino, Joseph Khos-Khojib, Ahmed Yugnakiy, Ahmad Yasaviy, Alisher Navoiy, Zahridin Muhammad Babury and many other thinkers on the family and family values, in particular, the upbringing of children, the unique historical truths, Pandu's advice are still important today spiritually, socially, ideologically, educationally, educationally, is of scientific importance. Indeed, child education is a matter of vital importance. Education in every family starts from the childhood of the child, the child spends most of his life in the family.

In general, the stability of any family, the effectiveness and efficiency of family education largely depends on the mutual relations established in the family, their spiritual and moral climate. After all, as stated in several Hadiths of the Prophet Muhammad, the greatest legacy that parents leave to their children is the morals and manners they teach them [4].

Abu Nasr Farabi, a mature representative of the Eastern Renaissance, the owner of the encyclopedia, the author of such works as “On what you need to know before studying philosophy”, “Philosophical questions and their answers”, “Part of the section of logic from the encyclopedia”, “Treatise on Human Organs”, “Introduction to the Science of Logic”, “On the Origin of Sciences”, “The Big Book on Music”, “On the Attainment of Happiness”, “Sayings of Great Men”, “The Meanings of Wisdom”, “About the Mind”, “A Word About Poetry and Rhymes”, “A Book About Rhetoric”, “Virtuous Manners”, “Thoughts of the population of Noble city” in his work “Noble People's City” he says: “Every human being is by nature designed in such a way that he needs many things in order to live and reach a higher level of maturity, which he cannot acquire alone, but to acquire them, a community of people is needed. The activities of the members of such a community as a whole provide each of them with what is necessary for survival and maturity. Therefore, human individuals multiplied and settled on the inhabited part of the earth, resulting in the formation of the human community”. These wise thoughts of Farobi are aimed at showing the process of the creation of the human community as a necessary and natural process, so the more the community played a role in the formation of a person, the more important the community is in his educational and moral maturity.

In the works of Hazrat Alisher Navoiy, the possessor of great morality, the sultan of speech, there are beautiful sayings about the formation of the sense of patriotism, first of all, in the family environment. In addition to the poet nature of his uncles, Mir Said Kabuli and Muhammad Ali Gharibiy, Navoiy’s growing up with a great desire for literature was also the reason for the fact that mushairas were regularly held in their houses. The well-known Uzbek poet Abdulla Oripov writes about his youth that his mother, Turdi Karvan, recited folklore examples to her daughter during every job and work, which instilled in him a desire for literature since childhood. Therefore, it is necessary to inculcate the sense of patriotism in a child from a young age, starting from the family environment.

In conclusion, in the following years, the issues of learning the heritage of our ancestors, the formation of a well-rounded personality, the problems of introducing innovative and information and communication technologies into the education system, prospects for the training of highly qualified scientific and scientific pedagogues in the republic, trends in improving the restructuring of personnel and improving their qualifications, the situation and prospects of international cooperation in the field of pedagogical personnel training, and the content and essence of the reforms that are systematically implemented are aimed at ensuring the development of children.

REFERENCES


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