

Pilgrimage Tourism and Domestic Tourism in Uzbekistan Principles of Development

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Abstract: The article describes the development of pilgrimage tourism in the country, the function and importance of domestic tourism and their development, and ways to successfully use traveler assets in the regions.

Keywords: Pilgrimage tourism, domestic and foreign tourism, historical and pilgrimage sites, cultural sites, pandemic, tourism analysis.

Introduction. After the independence of the Republic of Uzbekistan, all of the economy radical reforms are being carried out in different spheres. Within these areas, our state pays great attention to the development of the tourism sector. The main infrastructures that make up the tourism sector:

- means of accommodation
- catering service
- transport service

Based on this, transport services play a key role in the development of the tourism industry. The development and improvement of transport services are convenient for tourists creates and eases their journeys. Through this, the development of tourism in the country can be reached. International tourism is an opportunity for people to get to know countries, enjoy recreation, and free time effective conduct, health recovery, world, participation in sports competitions, spiritual the growing need for things like enriching the world, customs of other peoples and it occupies a special place in the quest to know the way of life.

Currently, the issue of modern tourism infrastructure development in Uzbekistan great attention is being paid. As President Sh.M. Mirziyoev noted: "Tourism turning it into a strategic branch of the economy remains a priority for us". Therefore, the rapid development of tourism in Uzbekistan is both economic and social is one of the most important strategic tasks.

In this regard, in order to rapidly develop the tourism industry in Uzbekistan, 13, 2019 No. PF-5781 of August "Further development of tourism in the Republic of Uzbekistan on measures", No. PF-6165 dated February 9, 2021 "In the Republic of Uzbekistan Decisions on measures for the further development of domestic and pilgrimage tourism" were adopted done First of all, an important factor in the development of the tourism sector is this sector is a broad attraction of investments.

Analysis of literature on the topic. The religion of Islamic studies and the development of science, their scientific and spiritual heritage, in the formation of Islamic civilization in Central Asia the place, the rich history of the people and the hospitality of the scientists of Uzbekistan contribution is the basis. Development of visiting tourism in the country for Ismaili, Tsar Bakr, Chashmai Ayub, Shahizinda, Ruhobot, Imam al-Bukhari, Bahauddin Naqshband, Gori Amir, Khoja Ahror, Pahlawan Mahmud, Hazrat Imam, Famous pilgrims such as Zangi ata, Sultan

Saodat, Hakim al-Tirmizi. The country has world-famous pilgrimages and shrines. It is equivalent to the minor pilgrimage of Islam. In particular, in Central Asia Visiting the tomb of Qusam ibn Abbas in Samarkand is a visit to the Kaaba equalized (Koshimov, 2001, p. 34).⁵ Convenience for pilgrims in Uzbekistan mobile intended for holy shrines and pilgrims in order to create applications have been developed.

Developing concrete proposals for the development of pilgrimage tourism in Uzbekistan and about tourism opportunities to visit our republic attention is paid to informing the world community. In Uzbekistan developing a new tourism brand, all necessary for visitors creating conditions, taking into account the requirements of visitors great attention was paid to the improvement of existing tourist routes. Turkey, Iran, Pakistan, Malaysia, Indonesia, United Arab Emirates and others the number of tourists from countries visiting Uzbekistan increased. In May 2019, in Samarkand, a visit to the Great Silk Road resort "revival of tourism" will be an international scientific and practical conference passed. Religious shrines alone are not enough for pilgrimage tourism. Tourists promotional activities to attract a good visa regime, to pray at airports facilities, hotels, etc. should be well established.

Research methodology. In our republic creating a new tourism brand, developing all the crucial conditions for visitors, taking into account the requirements of visitors exceptional interest was once paid to the improvement of existing traveller routes. Iran, India, Malaysia, Indonesia, United Arab Emirates and others the quantity of vacationers from international locations visiting Uzbekistan increased. Religious shrines alone are now not enough for pilgrimage tourism. Tourists promotional activities to attract a precise visa regime, to pray at airports facilities, hotels and others must be properly developed. Promote the tourism opportunities and potential of our country at the international level President of the Republic of Uzbekistan Shavkat Mirziyoyev 1st of pilgrimage tourism, in which representatives of dozens of countries participated an international forum was held. Uzbekistan in the Islamic world in February 2019 Bukhara was recognized as one of the biggest pilgrimage centers. President Sh. The "Pilgrim Visa" visa was introduced by Mirziyoyev's decree and this visa is valid for up to 2 months it was determined that it will be given within the given period. (Bakhtiyor Ruzmetov et al. 2020). In the literature on crisis management from the point of view of tourism, different industries various disasters, including financial crises, natural disasters, terrorist the best that affects attacks and the spread of infectious diseases practices were studied.

Results and discussion. Domestic and foreign tourism in Uzbekistan today great attention is paid to the issue of forming the necessary infrastructure for development. More than 20 tourist destinations in our republic attract foreign tourists is coming 1 million 300 thousand to Uzbekistan in 2016, nearly 2 million 700 thousand, from 5 million 346 thousand 200 people in 2018, from 6 million 748 thousand 500 people in 2019 tourists will come and increase their number to 7.5 million in 2020 and 10 million in 2023 intended to deliver. In this regard, the national tourism infrastructure in Uzbekistan in the development of tourism, all infrastructure objects are brought to the level of world standards infrastructure components, hotel, transport, food, recreation, It is important to organize treatment and other entertainment services at a high level attention is being paid. Currently, tourism resources in our country are effective the role and contribution of transport infrastructure in use is high, "in Uzbekistan Uzbekistan highways, "Uzbekistan Havo yollari" to the development of national tourism national airline, "Uzbekistan Railways" state joint-stock railway company has been exerting a great influence. It is also national in Uzbekistan. The development of hotel services is also important in the development of tourism is the owner. It is known that there are several requirements in the organization of hotel business, i.e. training, education, qualification, age, health, knowledge of foreign languages and appearance is also important. Today there are some in Uzbekistan catering establishments used high-level service methods while operating under conditions, the service level of some of them meets the demand does not give It is necessary to improve the culture of service to them. Banks and other financial organizations are also involved in the development of national tourism in Uzbekistan is important.

Pilgrimage tourism and domestic tourism of Uzbekistan Samarkand regarding the development and connection of tourism with 106 people in total in our survey conducted among students in participated. Of these, 63.2% of those who participated in our survey were women and 36.8% were men. From this we can understand that Uzbekistan most of those interested in tourism are women. In table 2 as shown, 52.8 (53%) of the students who participated in our study were 19-21 ages.

Our research on studying the opinions of students about the tourism of Uzbekistan the results showed that; 12.3% of students think that the percentage is very bad, 41.5% percentage is not bad, 43.4% is good, 2.8% is very expressed the opinion that it is good. It can be seen that the youth of Uzbekistan they express good and bad opinions about tourism, and some of them are Uzbekistan they think that the state of tourism is very bad. The proof is above you can see through the table.

What are the knowledge and skills of Uzbekistan's youth regarding tourism in Uzbekistan the result of our research showed that their knowledge and 4.7% of skills are very poor, 11.3% are poor, 80.2% are good, 3.8% expressed the opinion that the percentage is very good. It can be seen that Uzbekistan the majority of young people have knowledge and skills about tourism in Uzbekistan it is seen that they have. A clear proof of this can be found in the table above you can get.

Conclusion. Uzbekistan also has all the conditions for tourism to become a leading branch of the national economy. Currently, the national tourism model in Uzbekistan is at the stage of development, in which the mentality of the Uzbek people is focused on achieving harmony of oriental hospitality and western service standards. The fundamental socio-economic changes taking place in the field of tourism are aimed at forming a tourism model based on market relations in this field. Nevertheless, the level of use of the available opportunities is very low. Only 5-8 percent of the more than 8,000 cultural and natural heritage objects in our republic are used for tourist purposes. The development of international tourism in Uzbekistan, the rational use of tourist potential has a positive effect on the development of the country's foreign economic activity, the growth of foreign exchange earnings, the improvement and diversification of the export structure. Tourism is the economic development of Uzbekistan and will play an important role in its growth and in the following years along with other areas of tourism Great attention is paid to the development of pilgrimage tourism in the country. To date came and increased interest in studying worship and shrines in the world holy places are an integral part of people's daily life.

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