Ways to increase the prospects for youth participation in the innovation sphere of the country

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ABSTRACT

The article provides a socio-philosophical analysis of the innovative activity of young people, which makes it possible to understand the originality of the innovative properties of young people, taking into account their natural ability for creative activity and increasing their innovative potential. Ways of increasing the prospects of youth participation in the innovation sphere of the country are proposed, taking into account the urgency of the task of developing intellectual potential and increasing the innovative activity of youth.

Keywords: youth, innovation, innovative property, innovative activity, intellectual potential.

1. INTRODUCTION

One of the urgent problems of social philosophy is the understanding of the role of innovations in the field of social and economic lives of society. An analysis of the peculiar features of innovation proves the relevance of this issue, since the inherited social experience of the past generation is the foundation for innovation in the current century, including innovations in all spheres of society - social, cultural, spiritual, political, economic and intellectual. The issue of actualizing the inclusion of the country’s youth in this process of renewal and increasing their motivation in innovative activities, creating conditions for increasing their innovative activity, taking into account their intellectual potential, becomes relevant. This requires, first of all, the need for a socio-philosophical analysis of the study of the specific features and prospects of the innovative potential of youth. This determines the relevance of research into what is the impetus or obstacle for the active participation of young people in innovative and scientific activities. It is necessary to eliminate the existing contradiction between the need of society to increase the innovative potential and the intellectual potential of young people with a noticeable level of lack of interest among young people themselves, who are able to fruitfully apply their creative and intellectual potential in research and design innovation.

2. MAIN PART

To work out the main task of the innovative potential of young people, taking into account their ability to be realized in reality, one should consider the essence of the concept of “innovation”, “innovative potential of youth” in the context of such concepts as “innovative properties” and “innovative capabilities of youth”.

Innovation - (Late Latin inovatio, English innovation - innovation) - cultural phenomena that did not exist at the previous stages of its development, but which appeared at this stage and received recognition in it (“socialized”); fixed in a symbolic form and (or) in activity by changing the methods, mechanisms, results, contents of this activity itself. [1].

The meaning of the word "innovation" itself is interesting, as constituting the essence of "innovation". Innovation means a complex, complete, purposeful process of creating, distributing and using an innovation, focused on meeting the needs and interests of people by new means, which leads to certain qualitative changes in the states of the system (or the area where the innovation is implemented) and contributes to an increase in its efficiency, increased stability and vitality. [1].

Based on the system-activity concept of innovation, it becomes possible to present innovation as a process of solving objective problems of social development through the innovative activity of people, which performs the function of developing culture as a set of ways of human life. The main function of innovation in society is the function of change, the development of methods and mechanisms of its functioning in all spheres of life. [2].

Characterization of the innovative properties of young people will allow us to understand the originality of the innovative potential of young people among the potential of another age generation. The uniqueness of youth is expressed in the fact that its innovative properties are activated at the moment when it is felt that there is no way to rely on the life and socio-cultural experience of the past generation. This is explained by the fact that young people have an inherent ability to come up with something new more easily than to find something in the socio-cultural history of the past. The tendency of young people to rely more on themselves encourages them to take risks in their behavior, which is reflected in their natural ability to be creative and to increase their innovative activity. The inherent ability of young people to take risks, the lack of fear in the consciousness of being wrong - the main feature of the innovative properties of young people.

Taking into account the innovative properties of youth, the following definition of the innovative potential of youth can be given - this is the direction of its readiness and goals to make design changes in the field of thinking or innovative activity in order to make changes in the life of people and society. The innovative potential of young people means the presence of motivation for innovation, setting a precise goal and determining the scope of youth participation in the innovation sphere.
A prerequisite for the implementation of the innovative properties of youth is the expansion of the innovative capabilities of youth, which means the encouragement of innovation by society and the state support of youth, the creation of the necessary conditions for enhancing their innovative activity.

Based on the foregoing and taking into account the urgency of the task of developing the intellectual potential and increasing the innovative activity of youth, the following ways are proposed to increase the prospects for youth participation in the country's innovation sphere:

- first of all, the use of the strength and potential of youth is a guarantee of the country's socio-economic development;
- secondly, from a spiritual, moral and psycho-physiological point of view, young people strive to live actively, looking for new ways to solve problems and apply their creative abilities in the name of the country's development. This activity and determination of theirs should be directed towards the development of national democracy;
- thirdly, the introduction of scientific knowledge, modern worldview and scientific and technical innovations into life, the assimilation of rapidly growing social experience and spiritual wealth requires special training and innovative activity from a person;
- fourthly, the intellectual potential and innovative activity of young people should be developed through the active use of socio-pedagogical methods and new means of pedagogical technology in preparing them for social life;
- fifthly, the very process of preparing young people for social life sets a special task of increasing intellectual potential and innovative activity, requires the use of scientifically proven technologies based on ethno-pedagogical and ethno-spiritual heritage.
- sixthly, intellectual potential and innovative activity proceeds from the requirements of modernization of society, production, social management. Therefore, it should be implemented in connection with the goals and objectives of modernization.

3. CONCLUSION

Thus, the scientific problem of developing the intellectual potential and increasing the innovative activity of an individual, especially young people, is the most relevant against the background of changing the world political and economic realities. Since, young people receive and process, in their daily activities, a huge amount of knowledge and information.

One of the key strategic tasks that must be solved for the innovative development of the country includes mechanisms for identifying talented youth at all stages of education, starting from the earliest possible ones, an end-to-end system of training and advanced training of students, research trainees, and effective mechanisms for transferring scientific knowledge. The solution to this problem presupposes the creation of favorable conditions and incentives for talented young people who are inclined to research work to enter science. [3]. Actualization of the task of maximum involvement of youth in the transformational processes of the country of the innovative nature, the optimal use of its intellectual potential is important in determining the growth of the economic, political, social, cultural potential of society, which determines the development of each individual country and the world as a whole.

REFERENCES